Modification for Rev. B to Rev. C

Rev. C boards have been introduced to correct clock pin changes on the Atmel AT90S4333/AT90S2333, 28-pin analog devices. Users of Rev. B boards may experience programming or running problems with these devices. This modification will correct any problems. The solution is to move the clock signal from the clock output pin to the correct input pin.

To see if your board has been modified at the factory before shipping please check the following items:
- Does the board have a handwritten /c after the serial number on the back of the board?
- Has the trace been cut as shown in Figure 2?
- Does the board have a yellow sticker over the modification area?

If any of the above apply, your board has been modified at the factory.

If none of the above are found on your board, follow the instructions below to modify your board.

People with some soldering skills may do this modification themselves. This document shows how to do the modification in a safe way.

Required Parts
- A short piece of single strand wire, max 0.5 mm diameter and about 40 mm long.
- A small sticky label or some nail varnish.

Required Tools
- ESD-safe workstation.
- A soldering iron.
- Solder.
- A sharp craft knife.
- Wire cutters.

Work Description
1. This work must only take place on an ESD-safe workstation, as the STK200 contains ESD sensitive components that may be damaged if not handled correctly.
2. Place the board upside down on the workstation and familiarize yourself with the layout of the board by comparing it to the trace layout in Figure 1. Note the marked area for the modification.
3. Note the marked trace in Figure 2 and with a craft knife, cut the trace as shown by the line.
4. With the craft knife, clean off the green solder resist from the portion of trace marked in Figure 3.
5. With a soldering iron, put a small quantity of solder on the trace you have exposed on the side away from the pin as shown in Figure 3.
6. Take the piece of wire and tin it coat one end with the solder. Now solder it to the trace you have exposed in step 5.2 of the operation.

7. Take the wire across to the pin shown in Figure 4 and cut it to a suitable length. Tin the end and solder it to the pin.

8. Cover the wire and solder, and any exposed area of board, with a small sticky label or some clear nail varnish.

9. Your board has now been modified to work correctly with the devices.

**Figure 1.** The board before modification.

**Figure 2.** The trace to be cut.
Figure 3. Where to clean the board.

Figure 4. Solder one end of the wire to this pin.

Figure 5. Link the other end of the wire to the cut trace.

The board is now finished.